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Ph.D. thesis (2020-2023)

LGP2 (D. Beneventi)

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New thermo/photo reversible prepolymers for LDM Manufacturing

Nouveau prépolymère thermo/photo réversible pour l'impression 3D en phase liquide.

lgo²

Context / Objectives

Material

Biobased prepolymers.

- From non-edible biomass.
- Reinforced with cellulosic material.

Process

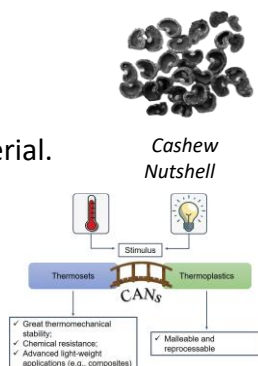
3D Printing process

- Liquid Deposition Modelling.

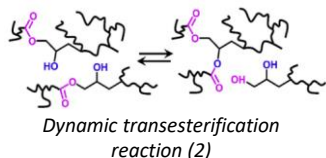
Recycling

Vitrimer or CAN technology

- Reversible crosslinking – bridge between thermosets and thermoplastics.
- Recyclability and reuse.



Covalent Adaptable Networks (1)



Possible application of CANs

Funded by: Fondazione Compagnia di San Paolo

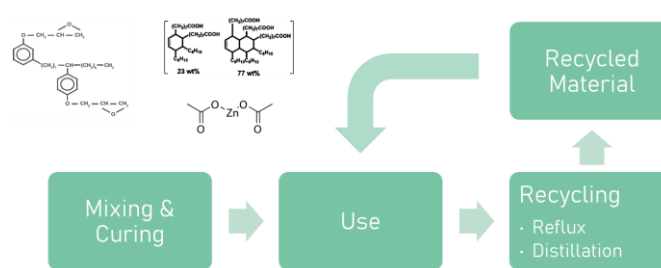
(1) Alabiso et Schiögl, 2020. "The impact of vitrimers on the industry of the future: chemistry, properties and sustainable forward-looking applications."
 (2) Liu et al., 2020. "Recent development of repairable, malleable and recyclable thermosetting polymers through dynamic transesterification."



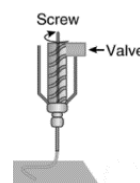
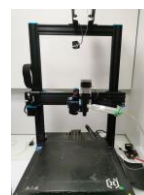
Fondazione Compagnia di San Paolo

Methods

Material formulation

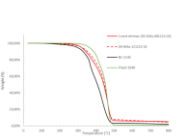


3D Printing by Liquid Deposition Modelling (LDM).

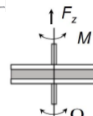
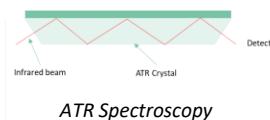


Screw-extrusion printer (3)

Characterization



Thermomechanical properties (TGA and DSC)

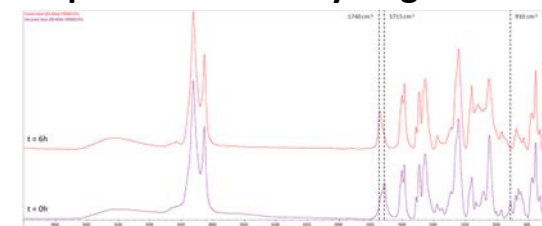


Rotational Rheometer

(3) Murphy et Atala, 2014. "Bioprinting of tissues and organs."

Results

Material production & recycling

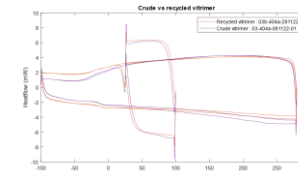


Epoxy consumption + ester formation

Cured and possible transesterification

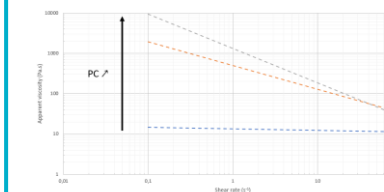


Crude vitrimer (top) & recycled vitrimer (bottom)



Similar thermomechanical properties after recycling

3D Printing



Shear Thinning behaviour ⇒ Printable

